The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,177.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2. 1786.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Laſt Night but three of the Company's Engagement.

On MONDAY Evening, December 4, 1786,

WILL BE EXHIBITED,

A Variety of Performances,

BY A SELECT COMPANY FROM

SADLERS WELLS,

VIZ.

TIGHT ROPE DANCING,

BY THE LITTLE DEVIL,
THE LITTLE PEIRE,
MADAME ROMAIN,
AND LA BELLA ESPAGNIOLA.

Clown, by PIETRO BOLOGNA.

The LITTLE DEVIL will dance on the Rope with Baſkets; MADAME ROMAIN will dance on the Rope, with Swords to her feet; and LA BELLA ESPAGNIOLA will dance on the Rope, with Fetters on her Legs; and likewiſe Dance the Fandango with Caſtinees.

A Favourite Song, by Miſs S. VERNELL.

TUMBLING,

By the inimitable
LITTLE DEVIL,
Mr LAURENCE,
Mr FAIRBROTHER,
Mr BALMAT,
And Signor PIETRE BOLOGNA.

Particularly, Mr Balmat will throw a ſurpriſing Summerſet from off Three Tables and a Chair; and the Little Devil will, in a moſt ſurpriſing manner,

Fly over Twelve Mens Heads.

And likewiſe throw a moſt ſurprizing Summerſet, through a

FIRE BALLOON.

Signor PIETRO BOLOGNA

Will exhibit ſome new Comic and entertaining performances

ON THE SLACK WIRE.

He will balance a Straw, a Peacock's Feather, diſplay Two Flags, and beat Two Drums, in a manner never attempted by any one but himſelf.

A COMIC SONG, By Mr HERMAN.

To which will be added,

A PANTOMIME, (*never performed here*) called, The

LOVERS OF COLUMBINE;

OR, A

TRICK OF THE DEVIL.

Harlequin, by THE LITTLE DEVIL;
Pantaloon. Mr FAIRBROTHER;
French Servant, Mr BALMAT;
Magician, Mr HARMAN;
Clown, Signor PIETRO BOLOGNA;
Lover, MADAME ROMAINE;
And Columbine, LA BELLA ESPAGNIOLA.

In the courſe of the Pantomime, will be introduced, the much-admired DANCE, called,

LA FRICASSEE.

After which,

SIGNIOR SCALIONI,

Will exhibit with the Original, ſurpriſing

DANCING DOGS,

PARTICULARLY,

GENERAL JACKCOO,

AND

THE LITTLE DESERTER,

Will be tried by a Court Martial, condemned, and ſhot by a party of his Regiment.

The general aſſault on a FORT will commence with a Dog who acts as a Spy, and encourages his Party to ſcale the Walls, ſtorm the Town, and obtain a complete victory.

The whole to conclude with the wonderful exertion of

AN ENGLISH BULL DOG,

Who will aſcend in a PARACHUTE,
Surrounded by FIRE-WORKS.

Tickets may be had, and places for the boxes taken, at the Office of the Theatre.

Pit and Boxes 3 s. Firſt Gallery 2 s. Second Gallery 1 s.

WANTED,

By order of His Grace the DUKE of RICHMOND Maſter General. and Honourable BOARD of ORDNANCE,

To Complete the Artificer Company at Gibraltar,

VIZ.

GOOD STONE-CUTTERS, and able Workmen for Square, Moulded, or Groin Work.

MASONS,—Good Setters and Wallers.

BRICKLAYERS,—For Square, Arched, or Groin Work.

CARPENTERS,—Skilled in framing for Roofs, Floors, &c. and Joiner's Work for finiſhings.

SMITHS,—For the Fire, making or repairing Machines, and various Iron Work, and to judge the proper heat for Tempering Iron, &c. for tools or other ſervice.

A Bounty of 3 l. 13 s. 6 d. will be given to each Recruit, viz. One Guinea and a Crown on his being atteſted, and the remainder on his embarkation for Gibraltar.

None need apply under the age of twenty-one years, or upwards of forty, or who cannot have a good recommendation. The preference will be given to ſingle men: but this is not meant to negative expert workmen, and men of good character, though married.

N B. When diſabled by age or infirmities, they will be entitled to a penſion from the Honourable Board of Ordnance, of Sixpence *per diem*.

For particulars, enquire at the Engineer's Office, at the Caſtle, Edinburgh. HEN. RUDYERD, Capt. Commanding Engineer, North Britain.

EDINBURGH, *December* 2. 1786.

JOHN LITTLE,

Tea and Spirit Dealer, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh,

BEGS leave to return his moſt grateful thanks to his Friends in particular, and to the Public in general, for paſt favours, and acquaints them, That at preſent he has on hand ſeveral thouſand gallons of the very beſt OLD WHISKY, diſtilled from malt only, which, on trial, he flatters himſelf will be found ſuperior in quality to any offered to ſale for ſome time paſt.—His preſent prices are as follow, viz,

TEAS PER LIB.		SPIRITS PER GAL.	
Bohea,	1 10	Jamaica Rum,	8 6
Beſt ditto,	2 0	Beſt old ditto,	9 0
Congo,	3 6	Brandy,	5 0
Good ditto,	4 0	Good ditto,	8 0
Beſt ditto,	4 6	Beſt coniac ditto,	9 0
Souchong,	5 0	Geneva,	5 6
Beſt ditto,	5 6	Good ditto,	6 0
Singlo Green,	3 6	Beſt ditto,	6 6
Beſt ditto,	4 0	Shrub,	4 6
Hyſon ditto,	7 6	Single whiſky,	2 8
Beſt high-flavoured do.	8 0	Proof ditto,	2 10
		Good ſtrong ditto,	3 0
		Very beſt ſtrong ditto, from 3 s. to 3 s. 4 d.	

N. B. Sugars to tea and ſpirit cuſtomers at prime coſt. Commiſſions from the country carefully anſwered.

ALEXANDER WRIGHT, Wine

Merchant, reſpectfully informs his friends and the public, That beſides a neat aſſortment of Wines of ſuperior quality, and at the moſt reaſonable prices, he has a large quantity of the beſt Engliſh Porter, either in caſks or bottles, fit for immediate uſe; (at the uſual prices,) which upon trial will be found equal if not ſuperior to any that is ſold.

N. B. Commiſſions addreſſed to Mr Wright, foot of the Weſt Bow, will be punctually attended to.

WHEREAS the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms have received a Letter by the poſt this morning, dated the 22d November 1786, beginning 'Sirs,' without a ſignature, containing information as to certain particulars, in which the revenue is concerned; and the writer having obſerved, that if he ſees any movements made in this, ſhall afterwards write them a liſt of witneſſes to prove the facts repreſented. This is therefore to give notice to the writer of the ſaid letter, that the ſaid Commiſſioners are very deſirous of inveſtigating into this matter, and for this purpoſe, requeſt to be furniſhed with a liſt of the witneſſes to prove the facts ſtated, which, when received, the writer may be aſſured every attention will be paid thereto, that the caſe will admit of, and due ſecrecy obſerved, if deſired. By order of the Commiſſioners,

R. E. PHILIPS Secretary.

Cuſtomhouſe, Edinburgh, 29th Nov. 1786.

GENERAL POST OFFICE,

EDINBURGH, *November* 25. 1786.

MR PALMER having now extended his plan for a more regular, ſafe, and expeditious conveyance of his Majeſty's Mails to and from Edinburgh, by Mail-Coaches, Notice is hereby given, That the Mails *for London*, and all places ſhort thereof, by the way of Berwick, will be diſpatched from this Office, by that conveyance, every day in the week, except THURSDAY, at four o'clock; and Letters will be received till half paſt three o'clock in the afternoons; to commence on Monday next, the 27th inſtant. Bags for Haddington, Dunbar, Preſs, Dunſe, and Berwick, will be diſpatched by the ſame conveyance. The arrivals will be every day in the week, except WEDNESDAYS, early in the mornings.

N. B. The Coaches ſet out from, and arrive at Mr Dryſdale's, Cowgate Port.

By Order of the Poſtmaſter General,

DAVID ROSS Sec.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, Nov. 29. 1786.

BY ORDER OF THE

Hon. the Commiſſioners of Exciſe.

ON Friday the 8th of December next, there will be expoſed to SALE, by public auction, within the Hall of the Exciſe Office, Edinburgh, at twelve o'clock noon,

Several parcels of Foreign Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Aquavitæ, and Aquavitæ compounded as Geneva, of Foreign Red Wine, not French; Black Tea; Printed and Painted Cloth; and the Materials of a great number of ſmall Stills and Utenſils for diſtillation, lately condemned, as forfeited by his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

The goods and conditions of ſale to be ſeen at the Exciſe Office in Edinburgh on the day before, and morning of the day of ſale.

FLOUR.

TO be SOLD by public auction, for behoof of the Underwriters, at the Warehouſe of Ramſay, Williamſon, and Company, Leith, on Tueſday the 5th curt. at 12 o'clock noon,

About ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY SACKS of ENGLISH FLOUR, partly damaged.

APPLES AND ONIONS.

JUST ARRIVED, per the Mary, James Thomſon maſter, from Campvere, in good order, a quantity of APPLES of different ſorts; alſo ſome very fine DUTCH ONIONS. To be ſold from Mr Anderſon's New Lofts, lying in the Peat Nook, Leith. *29th November* 1786.

A Brewhouſe, Bakehouſe, Dwellinghouſe, &c.

TO SELL or SET in Tack and entered to immediately, That Brewhouſe, Bake houſe, Dwelling houſe, Malt barn, Kiln, Steep, Stable with ſtalls for eight horſes, Byre for four cows, a yard well incloſed with a good ſtone wall, lying in Fruchie, in the pariſh of Falkland, Fifeſhire. There is a well of good water within the Brewhouſe: The dwelling houſe contains three rooms and kitchen, with a ſmall ſhop.

For particulars, enquire at the houſe, or of William Dowie, Baker, at the Abbey Strand, Edinburgh.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

And entered to at Whitſunday firſt,

A Tenement of Houſes lying at the

Weſt Mill of Laſſwade, conſiſting of ſeven dwelling houſes, bakehouſe and oven, with bakehouſe utenſils, all lately built, and in good repair; with a ſmall garden. For further particulars, apply to Adam Young, writer in Dalkeith.

N. B. Credit will be given for the whole or part of the purchaſe-money, as can be agreed upon; proper ſecurity being granted. Not to be repeated.

TO BE LET,

For nineteen years, and entered to immediately,

THE Farm of Weſtmuir, conſiſting of about 139 acres, all incloſed. The farm lies about one mile ſouth of the South Queensferry.

Propoſals may be given in to John Dundas clerk to the ſignet, or to George Mathie at Dundas Caſtle, who will ſhow the grounds.

NOTICE,

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM GRAY, Merchant in Glaſgow.

THAT upon the 30th day of November laſt, the Court of Seſſion ſequeſtrated the eſtate of the ſaid William Gray, in terms of the act of the 23d of his preſent Majeſty; and appointed the Creditors to meet at Glaſgow, in the houſe of Peter M'Kinlay vintner there, upon Wedneſday the 13th day of December current, at twelve o'clock noon, to name an interim factor. Of which ſequeſtration and meeting this intimation is made, in terms of the ſtatute.

Third Notice—Second Term.

THAT in the Proceſs of Ranking and Sale, at the inſtance of Richard Graham of Blaatwood, againſt Sir Charles Douglas of Hillhead, Baronet, and his creditors, Lord Stonfield, ordinary, by his interlocutor, dated the 15th day of November laſt, aſſigned the 23d day of January next, for the SECOND TERM, to the creditors, for producing all their grounds of debt, rights, and diligences competent to them againſt the bankrupt or his eſtate; with certification, as in a reduction and improbation; and appointed intimation thereof to be made to all concerned, by inſerting the ſaid interlocutor once every week in the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant, for three weeks ſucceſſively, immediately after the date thereof. In obedience to which, this intimation is made.

Q. M. KIRKPATRICK Clk.

This day is Publiſhed, in one volume 4to,

And Sold by

JOHN BELL, PARLIAMENT CLOSE,

Price twelve ſhillings in Boards;

THE

Anatomy of the Abſorbing Veſſels

OF THE

HUMAN BODY,

BY

WILLIAM CRUCKSHANK.

Illuſtrated with Elegant Engravings.

Haberdaſhery & Linen-Drapery Goods.

ROBERT GOURLAY, head of the Old Fiſh Market Cloſe, Edinburgh, takes the liberty of informing his Friends and the Public, That he is juſt arrived from England, where he bought a very large, elegant, and cheap aſſortment of Haberdaſhery and Linen Drapery goods, particularly of Modes, Laces, Printed Cloths, Plain, Checked, and Stripped Muſlins and Muſlin Handkerchiefs of all breadths, Black Lutſtrings, Bombazeens and Norwich Crapes, Muffs and Fur Trimmings, Linens, Long Lawns and Cambricks, Corded Demittie and Muſlinets.

As they were purchaſed before the late extraordinary riſe on cotton goods, he flatters himſelf it will be in his power to ſupply his cuſtomers not only with the beſt and moſt faſhionable articles, but upon ſuch terms as can hardly fail to merit the approbation of all his employers.

N. B. Millinery Work done in the neateſt manner.

WOODS TO BE SOLD.

THE whole NATURAL WOODS on the Eſtate of STOBHALL, lying within ſeven miles of the town of Perth, will be expoſed to Sale by public roup, within the village of Cargill, near by the woods, on Thurſday the 25th day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon.—The Woods are pretty extenſive, and conſiſt of Oak principally, together with Aſh, Elm, Plaintree and Birch.

Thomas Gellatly ground-officer over the eſtate, will ſhow the woods, and Patrick Aliſon of Cowhall, Eſq; by Cupar of Angus, or William Lumſdaine clerk to ſignet, will ſhow the articles of roup, and inform as to other particulars.

ANATOMICAL ENQUIRY *on the Subſtance of the* BRAIN *and the* NERVES, *their Vivification, Diſorders, and particularly the* GUTTA SERENA.

BY DOCTOR DEGRAVERS.

THE Nerves, according to Monſieur Sabatier, author of the beſt treatiſe on Anatomy at preſent, are white chords ariſing from the *Medulla Oblongata*, and the vertebral nerves, which go to every part of the body. Their colour is greyiſh and ſomewhat reddiſh, on account of a great number of blood veſſels which penetrate into them. The nerves are neither elaſtics nor irritables; their external coats are not equally thick, being extremely thin at different parts, and abſolutely wanting over thoſe which paſs through foramens, and protected or ſupported by planes of bones. As to the other deſcriptions and ideas which M. Sabatier ſeems to adopt with regard to the nerves, I differ from him.

The nervous fibres are not hollow; therefore they cannot contain a ſpirituous liquid or fluid commonly called *animal ſpirit*. Through which ſuppoſition, he pretends, with Haller, Zinn, and others, to explain the principal functions, actions, and phœnomenons of the nervous ſyſtem.

My idea is, that the brain is made up of ſoft, but compact fibres, penetrated and ramificated by an infinite number of blood veſſels which ariſe from the heart: That the nerves are ſo likewiſe; and that their nature is to tranſmit their ſenſations to the brain, *the grand focus of ſenſe*, in the ſame manner as conductors tranſmit the electrical fluid; that when their veſſels are deprived of blood, or too full of it, they either diminiſh or augment in ſenſibility; and when obſtructed or ruptured, they produce pain. By this phyſiological ſyſtem, all ſymptoms of the nervous diſorders are rationally explained and underſtood.

The following injections and diſſections will be proofs of it. Hang a ſheep by the neck; cut it down before it is apparently dead; ſevere the head from the body, and put it into warm water; inject the carotid arteries with a warm injection made of white roſin finely powdered, and a ſufficient quantity of Pruſſian blue, likewiſe finely powdered, to give it a deep colour, pour a ſufficient quantity of ſpirit of wine, ſo as to render the injection middling ſoft when cold; warm it again, and inject when you ſuppoſe the blood entirely abſorbed, but inject while the head is in the warm water, and afterwards take it out, and put it in a cold place before you diſſect the nerves.

By repeated injections of that ſort, you will diſcover the inſertion of the *arteria centralis* of the optic nerve, to be at about an inch from the poſterior part of the globe of the eye, and its courſe into the middle, and two branches ariſing from it, which ramificate over the *retina*. You will alſo ſee, that ſeveral other ſmaller arteries have their inſertion into the optic nerve for an inch long or more, from the poſterior parts of the globe; and on cutting only the coats of the nerve longitudinally, and putting ſmall briſtles between the nerve and the coats, you will be able to ſee the biggeſt with the naked eye.—I have once counted nine in the ſpace of an inch; and I had every reaſon to ſuppoſe there were many more.—This done, divide the nerve tranſverſally with a ſharp knife, at three lines from the globe, you will ſee a vaſt number of blood veſſels injected, which go longitudinally to the very inſertion of the optic nerve in the globe, where I believe they end; but theſe are more diſtinctly ſeen with the microſcope.

I recollect perfectly well, that, in the year 1781, when I was employed with Mr John Sheldon, Profeſſor of Anatomy in London, to help him to encreaſe his *muſeum*, and particularly his collection of preparations of the human eye and animals, there was the part of an human optic nerve, wherein we could ſee four of the arteries above mentioned, and it was only prepared with a common red injection.

I give them the name of *viſual arteries*, and to thoſe in the auditive nerve, *baurial arteries*; thoſe in other nerves, and the ſubſtance of the brain, *ſenſual arteries*. I think that the moſt ſubtile part of the blood, thrown into the ſubſtance of the brain by theſe veſſels, does not return, but ſerves to vivify its ſubſtance, the *quantum* being duly calculated by nature for that purpoſe. Mr Sabatier ſays, that he has obſerved two central arteries in the optic nerve. I do not wonder at it; but if he will take the trouble to enquire cloſer into the matter, he will eaſily find, that the pretended ſecond central artery was one of the principal trunks of the viſual arteries.

The injection above deſcribed does not paſs into the ſubſtance of the brain, on account of too many groſs parts which it contains, and the ſmall diameter of the veſſels; but if Pruſſian blue be properly diſſolved in ſpirit of wine, and immerſed with ſome clear water mixed with a little ſize, and injected through the principal arteries of the *dura mater*, with Anel ſyringe uſed for the lachrymal ducts, the injection of the ſenſual arteries will be ſeen with the microſcope into the very ſubſtance of the brain.

I turned my thoughts to ſee further into the matter; and, after repeated and tedious diſſections, I have likewiſe obſerved many blood veſſels into the ſubſtance of the auditive nerve; but the trouble and expence which attend theſe experiments is ſuch, that it is no wonder to me, if theſe obſervations have eſcaped us ſo long. My enquiries did not ſtop there: I have diſſected many other nerves, to ſee if I could find a confirmation of the above obſervations, and the reſult of more eaſy diſſections have evidently convinced me, that whenever theſe blood veſſels end, a new inſertion of arteries ſupplies, as it were, the abſence of the above, and ſo on ſmaller and ſmaller, to the very end of each nerve, which I ſuppoſe, from analogy, is vivified by a very ſmall one. But I muſt not forget to mention here, that I have been diſappointed many times, on account of rupture in the veſſels when the animal hung too long, and when I had puſhed the injections with too much or too little force, and in diſſections by ſpoiling the part.

From theſe experiments and obſervations, I think that the brain and nerves are vivified by the blood, and not by an animal ſpirit different from it; nor are they hollow fibres in them as Hovius pretends, and ſome anonimous publications in the Academical Memoires of Berlin, where a magnified print of the optic nerve is exhibited. I think, that the author of it has taken the veſſels for hollow fibres. On this principle, I have been directed in practice, and I may advance, that I have been ſucceſsful to aſtoniſhment in nervous complaints, and particularly in the *Gutta Serena*.

By theſe experiments, the reaſons of the ſtructure of the internal parts of the brain and its vivification, which were not yet known, and which Monſieur Sabatier deſpaired of ever being diſcovered, are at laſt come out. The vaſcularity of the *pia mater*, ſo well injected by Ruyſch, and Albinus, together with its conſiderable extent and circumvolutions round the brain and *cerebellum*, between which it manifeſtly folds and refolds again and again, ſhould have indicated to theſe great men, that their injections through the carotid arteries could not penetrate into the ſenſual arteries, which are undoubtedly continuous. When we are dying, the ſenſual arteries which penetrate from the *dura mater* and *pia mater* into the very ſubſtance of the brain, vivifying no longer that *viſcera*, the operation of the mind ceaſes, and afterwards the *ultimum moriens*, clearly demonſtrated by Galen, Harvey, Boerhaave, and proved by the illuſtrious Haller, takes place.

The manner we loſe our ſenſes is ſufficiently accounted for, by the want of blood in the ſenſual arteries, and ſhows the impropriety of immerſions of cold water over the head to effect their recovery, except when loſt by obſtructions or plenitude of blood, which in general produce madneſs. Dimneſs of ſight in old age comes on after an obſtruction or want of blood in the viſual arteries of the optic nerve, or the principal ramifications of the *arteria centralis* on the retina, which muſt diminiſh their ſenſibility and communicative powers as conductors. In the incipient *Gutta Serena*, or paraliſis of the *retina*, a pain in the forehead or in the orbit, are generally the ſymptoms which indicate an obſtruction in the *arteria ophthalmica* or its branches: If the light becomes painful to the organ, the circulation in that artery or its branches is too rapid and augments the ſenſibility of the nerve. However, there are many exceptions, eſpecially in complicated caſes, which I explain in my Lectures.

In a fit of the gout in the lower extremities, the pains generally ſubſide after the inflammation takes place; becauſe then the blood revivifies the nerves, and when the obſtruction retakes place, the diſorder and its ſymptoms reappear. A man of practice will have many opportunities to obſerve, that perſons, afflicted with nervous complaints and of thin habit of body, are frightened at the leaſt unexpected noiſe; becauſe the blood circulates too freely through their nerves, and renders them more ſenſible of quick communicative powers, which overtake the reflexion of the mind about the noiſe. I could bring many more inſtances to illuſtrate this ſyſtem, and indicate my practice by caſes; but this would far exceed my intention, which is the publication of the above Anatomical Enquiry.

Nov. 28.

...Southern Fishery, was well ...erille the 4th of October.

...rie, Vearun, from Newfoundland to ... those on Drakes Island, and full of water.

... Queen, Jeffreys, from Quebec to the Streights, ...ore near St Lucar, and it is feared will be totally loft.

The Pomona, Horney, from Portſmouth, in America, to Pool, put back to Caſtoe Bay, after being out four weeks.

The Trial, Nordham, ſailed the 31ſt of Auguſt from St Vincents, and has not been heard of ſince.

The Nelly, M'Gill, has not been heard of ſince ſhe put to ſea from Dominica, in the ſtorm of the 30th of Auguſt.

The La Fame, ——, from the Iſles of France, is arrived at L'Orient. Left La Bretagne, Deſchelenux, who was to ſail about the middle of July.

The Le Baron de Borrekins, ——, is ſold at the Iſle of France.

The L'Leureux Marie, ——, was to ſail from the coaſt of Malabar the 15th of April.

The Mary, Yates, from Liverpool and Cadiz, for Virginia, with ſalt, being diſmaſted off the Capes of Virginia, and very leaky, the captain and crew were, in September laſt, taken up by the New Hope, Captain M'Ivers, arrived at St John's, New Brunſwick, who ſuppoſed the Mary would ſounder in a few hours.

The Friends, Daniel, arrived at Dartmouth from Theneriffe, ſpoke the Britannia, of London, Welch, for Halifax, lon. 15. 30. W. lat. 49. all well.

The Brothers, Walker, from London, arrived at New-York, with loſs of main and mizen maſts, having laid with her quarter rails in the water until her maſts went away, whereby ſhe righted; it is expected her goods will be moſtly damaged.

The Speedy Packet, from New-York, arrived at Falmouth in 20 days, on the 4th of November, in the Hook, ſpoke the Flora Carbery, out 33 days from Liverpool, and Governor Clinton, Miller, out 75 days from Peterſburgh. The Betſey, Mefnard, ſailed with the Speedy Packet.

The Mary Ann, Seward, from L'Orient to New-England, was loſt the beginning of Auguſt near Long-Iſland.

The Triumph, Coffin, was well at Theneriff the 28th of Sept. laſt.

The Hope, Fellows, from Boſton to the Weſt-Indies and Virginia, foundered; the crew taken up and carried to Guadaloupe.

The Thornton, Gleadah, from Liſbon to Peterſburgh, is on ſhore about five leagues from Cronſtadt, and it is feared will remain a wreck.

The Lowſtoff, Taylor, from Memel to London, is on ſhore near Draken, but it is hoped will be got off without much damage.

The Renuſe, Bully, is loſt at Newfoundland.

The Jane, Johnſon, of Leith, from Peterſburgh, is loſt on Steen Scares; the crew ſaved.

The Dame Iſabella, Vannant, from St Martin's, after throwing overboard part of her cargo, and being very leaky, put into Plymouth the 23d inſtant.

The Three Friends, Durack, from Peterſburgh to Liverpool, is at Beaumaris.

The Endragt, Hendricks, from Bourdeaux, having been run foul of, put into Portſmouth the 24th inſtant to repair.

The Expedition Packet-boat on her voyage to Liſbon, on Oct. 17, ſpoke the ſhip King, Captain Gray, from Liverpool to the Coaſt of Africa, all well, lat. 39—13 long, 11—14.

Barbadoes, Sept. 9. The brig Bridgetown, Mathee, is loſt; the brig William, Berry, is on ſhore, and it is thought ſhe will be got off; no account is given of the Sally, Bates; the Barbadoes, Barnes, drove out to ſea, and is ſince returned.

The following veſſels were drove on ſhore within the Pier Head. Brig Speedwell, Connel; ſloop Induſtry, James, (thoſe have been got off with little injury); ſchooners, Bermuda Packet, Keeling; Toney, Ames; Adventure, Northy; ſloops, Mary Jane, Chiſton, and Porgy Harriot, having cleared out to ſail on Saturday, it is ſuppoſed they have proceeded for their deſtined ports.

AMERICA.

Commonwealth of Maſſachuſſetts.

By his Excellency James Bowdoin, Eſq; Governor of the Commonwealth of Maſſachuſſetts.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS information has been given to the Supreme Executive of this Commonwealth, that on Tueſday laſt, the 29th of Auguſt, being the day appointed by law for the ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas and Court of General Seſſions of the Peace at Northampton, in the county of Hampſhire, within this Commonwealth, a large concourſe of people, from ſeveral parts of that county, aſſembled at the Court-houſe in Northampton, many of whom were armed with guns, ſwords, and other deadly weapons, and with drums beating and fifes playing, in contempt and open defiance of the authority of this government, did, by their threats of violence, and keeping poſſeſſion of the Court-houſe until twelve o'clock on the night of the ſame day, prevent the ſitting of the Court, and the orderly adminiſtration of juſtice in that county.

And whereas this high-handed offence is fraught with the moſt fatal and pernicious conſequences, muſt tend to ſubvert all law and government, to diſſolve our excellent conſtitution, and introduce riot, anarchy, and confuſion, which would probably terminate in abſolute deſpotiſm, and conſequently deſtroy the faireſt proſpects of political happineſs that any people was ever favoured with, and which this people will realize, if they do not ſuffer themſelves to be miſguided by the machinations of internal real enemies, who treacherouſly aſſume the character of their beſt and moſt zealous friends.

I have, therefore, thought fit, by and with the advice of the Council, to iſſue this proclamation, calling upon all Judges, Juſtices, Sheriffs, Grand Jurors, Conſtables, and other officers, civil and military, within the Commonwealth, to prevent and ſuppreſs all ſuch violent and riotous proceedings, if they ſhould be attempted in their ſeveral counties.

And I do hereby, purſuant to the indiſpenſible duty I owe to the good people of this Commonwealth, moſt ſolemnly call upon them, as they value the bleſſings of freedom and independence, which at the expence of ſo much blood and treaſure they have purchaſed—as they regard their faith, which, in the ſight of God and the world, they pledged to one another, and to the people of the United States, when they adopted the preſent conſtitution of government—as they would not diſappoint the hopes, and thereby become contemptible in the eyes of other nations, in the view of whom they have riſen to glory and empire—as they would not deprive themſelves of the ſecurity derived from well-regulated ſociety, to their lives, liberties, and properties; and as they would not devolve upon their children, inſtead of peace, freedom, and ſafety, a ſtate of anarchy, confuſion, and ſlavery—I do moſt earneſtly and moſt ſolemnly call upon them to aid and aſſiſt with their utmoſt efforts the aforeſaid officers, and to unite in preventing and ſuppreſſing all ſuch treaſonable proceedings, and every meaſure that has a tendency to encourage them. And the Attorney-General is hereby directed to proſecute and to bring to condign puniſhment, the ringleaders and abettors of the aforeſaid atrocious violation of law and government; and alſo the ringleaders and abettors of any ſimilar violation in future, whenſoever or wherefoever it ſhall be perpetrated within this commonwealth.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Boſton, this ſecond day of September, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix, and in the eleventh year of the independence of the United States of America.

JAMES BOWDOIN.

By his Excellency's command,

JOHN AVERY, jun. Secretary.

Albany, Sept. 7. We learn from Schoharry, that the Reverend Mr Sommer, Lutheran miniſter, in the 77th year of his age, received his ſight in a miraculous manner, after he had been totally deprived of it about ſeventeen years. On getting awake in the morning, and perceiving ſome glimmer of light through the window ſhutters he deſired his wife to open them, in order to convince himſelf by trying this renewed ſenſe, when, at the ſame inſtant advancing towards the window now opening, he not only ſaw full daylight, but the church which ſtands oppoſite his dwelling-houſe. This ſpread admiration and joy through the whole neighbourhood. He was able to name thoſe who came to participate of his joy; and the Sabbath following, to the aſtoniſhment of his congregation, went without his uſual guide to the church, and praiſed, with heart-felt gratitude, the Creator, who alone is able to do ſuch wonderful works.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, *Nov.* 28.

Warſaw, Nov. 1. Among the different ſpeeches which the circumſtances of the preſent Diet have occaſioned the King to make, the moſt remarkable one was that in the ſitting of the 26th of October, in which his Majeſty made uſe of the following ſtriking expreſſions:

"As it is not in the common courſe of things to ſee thoſe whoſe hair begins to be whitened by age change their principles and cuſtoms, you may rely, illuſtrious States, that I will remain to the end what I have been to this moment; whilſt God grants me life and means, I will make gifts to my country. I will make them to citizens as often as I ſhall perceive either merit or diſtreſs. I will not endeavour to foreſee whether I ſhall encreaſe the number of the ungrateful, whether thoſe whom I have loaded with benefits will deny them, as if they were aſhamed of them, or whether they will ſuffer themſelves to be led away by the example of thoſe who, under the veil of the moſt diffuſive proteſtations of attachment, uſe all their endeavours to croſs my inclinations, my rights, and even my moſt uſeful advice to the State."

The Diet is buſied at preſent in deliberating about the prolongation of the ſittings, as the ſix weeks fixed for its duration have almoſt entirely paſſed in formalities; nothing is, however, yet determined on that ſubject.

Peterſburgh, Oct. 24. We are aſſured that the laſt attack upon the Leſghis Tartars was made againſt the fortreſs of Alexandrowſky; our troops had 100 killed; the number of the wounded was ſuppoſed equal, but is not certainly known.

A courier arrived this week from China brings the news, that that great empire has been in great confuſion from inteſtine diſorders, but that peace was nearly re-eſtabliſhed.

We have reaſon to think, that the treaty of commerce delayed ſo long between our Court and France, is on the point of being concluded. Both this and the treaty with England have been delayed by the negociations pending at the Courts of Verſailles and St James's relative to a treaty of commerce.

Utrecht, Dec. 23. The States of Holland and thoſe of Groningen, have made an offer of their mediation to the province of Guelderland, which the latter have refuſed, which is the more ſurpriſing, as there is no proſpect that the troubles will ſoon end. The ſeverity uſed by the States againſt the inhabitants of Elbourg and Hattem, has made very little impreſſion on the other towns of the province. Our laſt accounts from that quarter inform us, that they were never leſs diſpoſed to ſubmit to the deſpotiſm of the provincial aſſembly. The town of Arnheim, the capital of the quarter of Zutphen, which was the firſt to employ rigorous meaſures againſt the two unhappy towns, is in the greateſt confuſion, owing to their Regency having propoſed to aboliſh the reſolution of 1750, paſſed on the Revolution in favour of William IV. father to the preſent Stadtholder. We are impatient to learn how the States of Guelderland will receive this propoſal.

On the 23d of October it was reſolved at Dordrecht to eraſe that part of the form of the oath which ſays, "To be faithful to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Orange and Naſſau, as Stadtholder of that province."

LONDON, *Nov.* 28.

It is ſaid Parliament will meet on the 23d day of January.

Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales ſet off for Lord Clermont's ſeat in Norfolk.

Princeſs Elizabeth is ſomething better, and takes the air in Kew Gardens in the middle of the day.

The reſignation of the Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench is at laſt determined upon; and as ſoon as his Lordſhip's health will permit him to have an audience at St James's, he will take his final farewell of his Majeſty, and at the ſame time reſign the office of Lord Chief Juſtice.

Mr Juſtice Buller will certainly ſucceed to that office, notwithſtanding what has been ſo much ſaid in favour of the Maſter of the Rolls.

Soon after the meeting of Parliament, a motion, it is ſaid, will be made for a penſion to Chief Baron Skinner, whoſe hearing is ſaid to be ſo much impaired, as to make the ſituation very uncomfortable to himſelf.

The Attorney-General, it is ſaid, will go into the Court of Exchequer as ſoon as the Chief Baron retires.

The following law arrangements, ſays a morning paper, will take place immediately:—

Mr Juſtice Buller to ſucceed the Earl of Manſfield.

Richard Pepper Arden, Eſq; to ſucceed Mr Buller as one of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, and to hold the Chief Juſticeſhip of Cheſter.

Mr Baron Eyre to ſucceed the Lord Chief Baron Skynner, who retires on a penſion.

The Hon. Archibald Macdonald, Solicitor General, to ſucceed Mr Baron Eyre as a Baron of the Exchequer.

Edward Bearcroft to be appointed Attorney General, vice Mr Arden.

John Scott, Eſq; Solicitor General, vice Mr Macdonald.

A Court of Directors is ſummoned for to-morrow at the Eaſt-India Houſe, when the time for calling a General Court of Proprietors for chuſing a new Director, in the room of the late Richard Hall, Eſq; deceaſed, will be ſettled.

The Thetis, Captain Nutt; Lord Camden, Captain Dance; and Earl of Cheſterfield, Captain Boſwell, in the ſervice of the India Company, having nearly completed their lading at Graveſend, are preparing to ſail for the Downs, where they are to continue for ten days, and afterwards to proceed on their voyages, with all poſſible diſpatch.

Advices are arrived at the Eaſt India-houſe from Madras, which left that place in April laſt. They bring an account, that on the 6th of that month, the ſhip Talbot, having on board Sir Archibald Campbell, Knight of the Bath, their new Governor, and ſeveral other gentlemen paſſengers, arrived there on that day, all well.

When the above advices left the coaſt, every thing remained quiet.

There is not any account of Lord Cornwallis being met at ſea by the French ſhip arrived at L'Orient, or the Daniſh ſhip that paſſed through the Downs yeſterday.

Accounts are received of the death of Mr Barlow, at Fort St George.

The Northumberland, Captain Rees, from Bombay, is one of the ſhips expected to be beating about at the Chops of the Channel, and prevented from coming in by the long continued eaſterly winds. She ſailed from Portſmouth in April 1785, and arrived at Bombay the beginning of October following; from thence ſhe went on a trading voyage, and is expected to have left India in June laſt. The following are all the ſhips in the ſervice of the Honourable Eaſt-India Company, which are to ſail before Chriſtmas, for the ſeveral places of deſtination affixed to each:

Ships.	Captains.	Places of Deſtination.
Cheſterfield,	Boſwell,	St Helena and Bencoolen.
Camden,	Dance,	Madeira and Bengal.
Locko,	Baird,	Bombay and China.
Britannia,	Cumming,	Madeira and Bengal.
Royal Admiral,	Huddart,	Madras and China.
Laſcelles,	Wakefield,	Negapatnam, Madras, and
Barrington,	Lindegreen,	Canton direct. [China.
Thetis,	Nutt,	Bengal.
Melville Caſtle,	Dundas,	Bombay and China.
Princeſs Royal,	Horncaſtle,	Madras and China.
King George,	Mellatt,	Bombay and China.

This laſt ſhip is now in the Downs, and is going to carry an expreſs packet to Bombay Iſland.

The code of laws deſtined for the new colony of Botany Bay was on Friday laid before his Majeſty in council by the Attorney and Solicitor-Generals, under whoſe immediate inſpection the ſeveral articles have been completed. The code conſiſts of two parts, military and civil. The Governor of the ſettlement to be the ſupreme magiſtrate in each department.

The betts at the faſhionable houſes at the weſt end of the town have, for ſome nights paſt, been three to one that a certain noble Lord will *not* ſuffer any kind of impriſonment for the contempt he has ſhewn the Eccleſiaſtical Court.

Early on Wedneſday morning laſt, after having completed his 93d year, died, at his ſeat at Harrington, near Dorſet, Sir Edward Wilmot, Bart. phyſician to the King.

We are informed the unhappy maniac, Mrs Nicholſon, has been much indiſpoſed for ſome days paſt. Her apartment and perſon are kept exceedingly neat; ſhe ſpeaks little, and has many lucid intervals. A gentleman a few days ſince obſerved her reading a volume of Shakeſpeare. The play which ſhe ſeemed to pay uncommon attention to, we are aſſured, was the tragedy of Titus Andronicus.

Private letters from Paris, dated Nov. 22. mention, that the King has determined to employ ſix ſhips in the whale fiſhery, and has directed 35,000 livres to be equally diſtributed as an encouragement to the adventurers. Two of the above veſſels are to proceed to Davis's Straits, where it is ſaid the French Miniſter propoſes to eſtabliſh a new ſettlement.

By accounts from Riga, dated the 2d of this month, we learn, that orders have been diſpatched from Peterſburgh to that port, for equipping the Ruſſian fleet with the utmoſt expedition; three new men of war, of 66 guns each, are already finiſhed, and ſeveral others have been lately launched, which are to join the ſquadron at Cronſtadt early in the ſpring, when the Empreſs and the Grand Duke, attended by the great officers of the Court, are to be preſent at a naval review, which is expected to be the moſt magnificent ſpectacle exhibited ſince the foundation of the Ruſſian empire.

COUNTESS *of* STRATHMORE, *and* MR BOWES.

The converſation in the Court of King's Bench, on Saturday laſt, relative to the above parties, was, in what manner the Court had proceeded on ſimilar occaſions, reſpecting violent breaches of the peace, and in what penalties the offender in ſuch caſes had been bound over; ſeveral caſes were mentioned, and it was ſaid that one party ſo offending had been bound himſelf in 5000 l. and two ſureties of 500 l. each; the Judges then preſent obſerved, that in this inſtance ſuch a preeedent could not be adopted by them; that the offence muſt be conſidered in a double nature, the firſt recognizance having elapſed but a few days back, and therefore they could not think of binding Mr Bowes himſelf in a leſs penalty than 20,000 l. and to find two ſureties of 5,000 l. each. The notice of ſuch ſecurity, we are informed, was ſent off to Mr Bowes, who is in cuſtody of Ridgeway, the officer, and others, who went with the attachment from the Court of King's Bench.

Yeſterday the Court of King's Bench was moved by Counſel on behalf of Mr Bowes, to have the time for iſſuing the attachment enlarged, until the next term; an affidavit of Mr Bowes was read, in ſupport of the motion, denying any ill uſage of Lady Strathmore, as related in the articles of peace ſworn againſt him; and alledging, that as ſoon as he had prevailed upon her Ladyſhip to attend him into the country, ſhe expreſſed herſelf extremely happy in being reſcued from her confinement; that ſhe had long wiſhed for ſuch happy intercourſe, which had been ſo long denied by the enemies to her peace and welfare.

As to taking her by force, and placing her behind him on a horſe, it was ſuggeſted by herſelf, in order to eſcape the populace which then ſurrounded Streatham Caſtle, and that ſhe told him, if any clamour aroſe from the people, ſhe could eaſily appeaſe them. In fact, the whole of the affidavit, which is of a very extraordinary nature, went to the entire exculpation of himſelf. The Court rejected the motion.

Mr Law, her Ladyſhip's Counſel, immediately, on the affidavit being read, moved that it ſhould be filed in Court, which was accordingly done.

It was yeſterday reported in Weſtminſter Hall, that an affidavit had been made by a ſurgeon in the country, that the removal of Mr Bowes to town would endanger his life, from the ſevere uſage he had met with from the countryman who had knocked him off his horſe.

Anecdote.—A country manager, whoſe children now makes a very diſtinguiſhed figure in the theatrical world, was extremely anxious that they ſhould devote themſelves to ſome other line of profeſſion. With this view, he laid particular injunctions on his daughters, whenever they ſhould be diſpoſed for matrimony, of all things not to marry a *player*. Regardleſs, however, of this command, the lady who now ranks higheſt amongſt the diſciples of Melpomene, choſe unto herſelf, a mate out of her father's itinerant company, and fearful of his reſentment, threw herſelf on her knees next morning, confeſſing the violation of his precept, and imploring his forgiveneſs. The father very ſarcaſtically replied, "My dear, I cannot ſay that I am much pleaſed with the match, but in juſtice, acquit you of the diſobedience; for your huſband, be aſſured of it, neither is, nor ever will be a *player*." His judgment has been confirmed by the event, for ever ſince the ſucceſs of his wife, the gentleman has very prudently declined to play any longer.

Notwithſtanding the very melancholy accounts given in the Barbadoes newſpapers of the hurricane which was experienced there the 2d of September, the damage done by it was nearly confined to the ſhipping; for letters dated ſo late as the 3d of October, brought by the Polly and Charlotte, Captain Lee, (late Gilbard) who was driven out by the ſtorm, aſſure, that the interior part of the iſland ſcarcely felt it, and that there never was a greater proſpect of good crops of ſugar and cotton than the preſent year affords, the iſland having been favoured with very fine and ſeaſonable rains. The ſame letters ſay, that part of the cargo of the Generous Planter, with the hull and ſtores, were ſaved.

Extract of a letter from Grenada.

"The ſickneſs of this iſland has been truly melancholy, a great number are dead; many others are on the point of death, and as the people walk the ſtreets of St George's, they drop down dead. This epidemic diſorder was brought from St Lucia.

"The ſtorm reached the Leeward Iſlands, but has ſpared this, now devoted to a calamity of another ſort."

Extract of a letter from Halifax, Oct. 10.

"Wedneſday laſt arrived here from St John's, Newfoundland, his Majeſty's ſhip Pegaſus, commanded by his Royal Highneſs Prince William Henry; and on Thurſday morning, about eleven o'clock, the Prince landed at the King's Slip, amidſt a numerous and joyous throng of the loyal ſubjects of his illuſtrious parents.

"He was welcomed on ſhore by Major General Campbell and his Excellency Governor Parr, by whom he was conducted to the Government Houſe, where he condeſcended to receive the congratulations of the officers of the garriſon and principal gentlemen of the town, upon his ſafe arrival. He afterwards took a walk round to view the town, and then returned to his Excellency's, where he dined.

"His Royal Highneſs having expreſſed his deſire that all military form and etiquette, with reſpect to his Princely dignity, ſhould be laid aſide, and himſelf conſidered merely as a naval commander, general orders were accordingly given out in the garriſon to that purport.

"Early in the evening, a number of the reſpectable inhabitants of the town, from a wiſh to expreſs the high ſenſe they entertained of the honour conferred on them by the Royal Viſitor, determined to illuminate their houſes; and although this was at firſt oppoſed, from a ſuppoſition that it might be diſagreeable to his Royal Highneſs, yet it was found impoſſible to ſtop the general tide of joy, which broke forth and pervaded all ranks on this extraordinary occaſion: and, by eight o'clock, the whole town appeared moſt ſplendidly decorated. The ſtreets were crowded, and mirth and gladneſs appeared conſpicuouſly delineated in every countenance."

PRICE OF STOCKS, Nov. 28.

Bank Stock 146¾.	Ditto Ann. —
5 per cent. Ann. 112⅞ a ¾ a ½.	Ditto 1761, —
	India Stock, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 93 a 92⅝.	3 per cent. Ann. —
	India Scrip. —
3 per cent. con. 75⅛ a 74⅝	India Bonds, paid, —
3 per cent. red. 74 a 73⅝.	Ditto unpaid, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, —
Bank Long Ann. 22.	Exch. Bills, —
Ditto 1778, 13 9-16ths a ⅝.	Lottery Tickets, 15 l.
South Sea Stock, —	Conſols for Jan. 75½ a
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	

EDINBURGH.

[On account of the late Alteration in the arrival and departure of the London Mail, this Paper is now published every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY.]

Extract of a letter from London, Nov. 28.

"The beſt ſchemes are liable to ſome objections. It is impoſſible, frequently, to promote the public good without hurting the intereſt of individuals. The treaty of commerce between France and England, which cannot fail of being advantageous to both nations, is preciſely in this ſituation. By a letter from France, the town of Amiens appears to be much afraid of the rivalſhip of Engliſh woollen cloths, and intends to make remonſtrances. To theſe it may be anſwered, "Make as good your-"ſelf, or make better." The public will gain by the competition.

"The Proteſtants in France flatter themſelves, that it is intended by the treaty to give them a ſort of civil exiſtence in France. They think they may now marry legally, upon making a faithful entry of their nuptials in a regiſter which will be eſtabliſhed in every town for that purpoſe. They may even have churches, provided theſe edifices have the appearance of being private houſes, and the ſervice of the Reformed religion be performed with ſhut doors. The Jews, however, at Bourdeaux and Metz, keep their ſynagogues open during the time of worſhip.

"By a letter from Utrecht, the 20th ult. 2412 burgeſſes of Amſterdam have preſented an addreſs to the States of Holland, thanking them for the meaſures they had taken againſt the Captain-General."

Extract of another letter from London, Nov. 28.

"Mr Eden ſtill continues cloſetted with Mr Pitt on the ſubject of the commercial arrangements with the Court of France; but the moſt profound ſecrecy is obſerved reſpecting them, or whether Mr Eden is to return to France again, or not. That the Treaty will meet with great oppoſition there is no doubt, though the merchants and manufacturers at preſent approve of it in terms of the higheſt encomium. But intereſted individuals are not the beſt judges of the intereſt of the public; and though many perſons are ſpeculating very largely, and a large amount of our manufactures likely to be exported thereby, it is much to be feared that our markets may be overſtocked, if not ruined, in conſequence thereof.

"It was this morning reported, that Mr Orde had died on the road from Bath, in his way to town; but there is no certainty of this event.

"The Ducheſs of a certain Duke, who has lately come to the title on the death of his father, is at preſent quite inſane, and obliged to be confined by his Grace in a private mad-houſe, where there are no hopes of her recovery.

"It was this morning expected, that Mr Bowes would have attended the Court of King's Bench, but he did not think proper to appear.

"The diſcharge of the arrears due to ſundry German Princes for the procuring, furniſhing, and providing troops during the late American war, and which, though to a great amount, is ordered to be immediately made, at the inſtigation of a certain great perſonage, is likely to give no ſmall interruption to the ſcheme of the Miniſter for reducing the national debt, not having been aware of the neceſſity for it ſo ſoon occurring. This, with other circumſtances, has had an influence on the public ſtocks, which are ſtill falling."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 25.

"The ratification of the commercial treaty between Great Britain and France, arrived here by a ſpecial meſſenger from England, to the Right Hon. the ſpeaker of the Houſe of Commons, and on Thurſday it was ſent off expreſs to him at his ſeat at Colloo, county Louth.

"The myſtery is at laſt unravelled, why our Iriſh negociators, at their late return from London, were ſo ſilent on the ſubject of the French treaty; they had nothing good to tell us, or they would have blazoned to the world the attention of his Majeſty's miniſters to the intereſts of Ireland. The truth is, the intereſts of Ireland have yielded to Britiſh convenience; and the linens of Ireland, the boaſted ſtaple of the kingdom, are to be ſubject to a duty that amounts to a complete prohibition if imported into France, while the linens of Great Britain may go into France at a duty of ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

"Commercial treaties between nations are founded upon the idea of reciprocal benefit. France is ſuppoſed to have known her own intereſts, and men muſt be inclined to think ſhe would never give a benefit without an equivalent. In the treaty with France, it is to be obſerved, that Ireland gives no advantage whatever to France; in fact, it ſeems more a treaty between France and England, than one between France, Great Britain, and Ireland, although the latter is inſerted in it. Great Britain ſtipulates to favour the wines, the vinegars, and brandies of France—Ireland *does not*. France in return ſtipulates to favour articles of the manufacture of Britain *and Ireland*; here it is ſaid Ireland is benefited, and here lies the fallacy—for in all theſe identical articles, England is able to underſell Ireland, even in the Iriſh market, except linen, and that is completely prohibited. The miniſterialiſts therefore ſhould be a little leſs liberal in their panegyrics on it, at leaſt in this kingdom.

"Perhaps Britain might think, that to open the French market for Iriſh linens, would make Ireland independent, and therefore actuated by her old ſelfiſh policy, ſhe was careful to keep it ſhut; but, by way of a peace offering, to prevent national clamour, ſhe foiſted the name of Ireland into her treaty, where it ſtands to all intents and purpoſes an abſolute nullity.

"The only poſſible advantages that Ireland can ever hope to experience, in conſequence of the commercial treaty with France, are in the pottery and glaſs line. The raw materials for both are in the kingdom in abundance. Clay for the former, of a ſuperior quality, is found in many parts of the country—and kelp, that neceſſary ingredient for the latter, may be had in exuberance on our ſhores. But the perfection of Britain, in theſe articles, is ſuch, that unleſs large and extenſive capitals are employed in them, a competition with her muſt be fruitleſs."

Married at Port Glaſgow, on Monday the 27th ult. Mr Humphrey Colquhoun, merchant in Glaſgow, to Miſs Ann Lamont, daughter of the deceaſed Alexander Lamont of Knockdow, Eſq;

The Right Hon. Lady Ann Stewart, Dowager of Ruthven, died at Cumbernauld-houſe, on Tueſday the 28th November.

Died here, Sunday laſt, Mrs Iſobel Davidſon, daughter of the deceaſed Mr James Davidſon of Hahree.

On Saturday laſt, died at Alva, the ſeat of John Johnſtone, Eſq; Dr Ebenezer Macfait, whoſe eminence as a mathematician, and worth as a man, were univerſally known; his philoſophic behaviour throughout life, and to his lateſt breath, bearing teſtimony how deeply he had ſtudied, and how well he imitated, his favourite model, Plato.

Upon Tueſday 28th November, died at Balhairdie, Mrs Magdalen Marjoribanks, daughter of the deceaſed Andrew Marjoribanks, of Marjoribanks, late one of the Commiſſaries of Edinburgh.

Died at Kilmaurs, upon the 26th ult. the Rev. Mr Alexander Gillies, miniſter of that pariſh.

On the 4th of September laſt, died in the iſland of St Vincent, Walter Corbet, Eſq; brother of John Corbet of Tolcroſs, Eſq;

On Saturday the 25th ult. died at Glaſgow, Mrs Helen Wedderburn, wife of James Finlay of Bogſide, Eſq;

The collection at St Andrew's Church, New Town, on Thurſday laſt, at the maſonic ſermon, for the benefit of decayed Brethren and their widows, amounted to upwards of 50 l. Sterling.

Some alterations in the preſent Corn Laws ſeem now to be thought neceſſary, and is therefore made an object of general diſcuſſion. Committees of the Landed Intereſt and the Chamber of Commerce of this city, have had frequent meetings upon the ſubject. They have been indefatigable in their endeavours to bring forward ſuch a bill as may be moſt for the intereſt of every part of the country, and not liable to any particular exceptions. Theſe laudable intentions, we hope, will ſoon be carried into effect, the matter being now referred to a Committee of three Gentlemen choſen from the Landed Intereſt, and the like number from the Chamber of Commerce. As this Committee have already received every neceſſary information upon the ſubject, and as it is well known that ſmall Committees are beſt adapted for buſineſs, there is every reaſon to expect they may ſoon be able to lay ſuch a plan before the public as will give general ſatisfaction both to the Landed Intereſt and Manufacturers.

Wedneſday, the Magiſtrates of Glaſgow examined the fleſh markets, and having found conſiderable quantities of meat forked or *blown* up, they confiſcated the ſame, and ſent it to the Town's hoſpital and priſon, and fined the tranſgreſſors in 20 s. each.

We have now the pleaſure to inform the public, that the inſtitution of Sunday Schools is extended to Scotland, there being two eſtabliſhed in the town of Hawick.

At a ſpecial Seſſions held at Halifax a few days ago, by Joſhua Horton, Eſq; and Henry Wood, D. D. ſix people were convicted of being drunk, and two barbers were alſo convicted for exerciſing their buſineſs on Sunday.

By order of the GOVERNOR and DIRECTORS of the MUSICAL SOCIETY,—The General Meeting of ſaid Society is to be held on Monday the 18th December, at one o'clock afternoon, in St Cecilia's Hall, before which Meeting, each Member will pleaſe pay into Thomas Sanderſon, at his ſhop Luckenbooths, the Collector, his contribution of two Guineas for the uſe of the Society, otherwiſe to forfeit his place in the Society, in terms of their conſtitution.

The Margaret, Lindſay, is arrived at Virginia, from Clyde.
Caledonia, Colquhoun, at Baltimore, from ditto.
Betſy, Brown, at Virginia, from ditto.
Fortitude, Hunter, at Virginia, from ditto.
Concord, Workman, at St Kitt's, from ditto.
Alroy, Tarbert, at Memel, from ditto.
Iſabella, M'Kellar, at Charleſtown, from ditto.
Mermaid, Hunter, at Virginia, from ditto.
Friendſhip, Roxburgh, at Charleſtown, from Liverpool.
Ranger, Paterſon, at New Providence, from Halifax.
Eagle, Blane, at New-York, from Cadiz.
Friendſhip, Crozier, at New York, from Jamaica.
Sally, Dunlop, at Baltimore, from the Weſt Indies.
Peggy, Mathie, at Barcelona, from Shetland.
The Ann, Robertſon, and Jane, Fyffe, are arrived in the Straits, from Newfoundland

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Dec. 1. Barbary, M'Culloch, from St David's, with coals and grain; Generous Mind, Knight, from Dundee, with goods.—2. Vines, Lees, from Stornaway, with herring; Friends Increaſe, Niven, from Grangemouth, with potatoes; Expedition, Thomſon, from Berwick, with grain; Mary, Hay, from London, with goods; Betſey, Millar, from London, with ditto; two ſloops with coals.

SAILED, Mally, Meach, for Montroſe, with goods; Friendſhip, Donaldſon, for Hull, with ditto; Mercury, Barr, for Eyemouth and Berwick, with ditto; Hope, Barr, for London, with vitriol; William and Margaret, Morriſon, for ditto, with herrings; Newcaſtle, Clark.

This Day was Publiſhed—Price 1 s.
(With a VIEW at LINLITHGOW)

THE EDINBURGH MAGAZINE:

OR,

LITERARY MISCELLANY:

For NOVEMBER 1786.

CONTAINING

ESSAYS and ABRIDGMENTS, from New Publications, particularly thoſe of France and Germany; many of which relate to the Sciences and Arts, or the Hiſtory of Nature and of Nations; together with Biographical and Literary Anecdotes; Critical Remarks; and original articles in proſe and verſe.

This Number contains, among other articles,

A Character of the *Creoles*, from *Memoires de Muſee de Paris*.

Deſcription of ſome uncommon Phenomena, obſerved on the Alps during the time of the great fog of 1783, by the *Abbé Spallanzani*.

A complete Analyſis of the *Abbé Berthollets*.

Treatiſe on the Influence of Electricity on Vegetables.

Critical Remarks on the late Editions of *Shakeſpeare's* Plays.

Farther Extracts from *Burns's* Poems.

Printed for and Sold by J. SIBBALD, Edinburgh; Dunlop and Wilſon, Glaſgow; Angus and Son, Aberdeen; and W. Boyd, Dumfries.

This Day is publiſhed,

A Catalogue of a Choice and Valuable Collection of PRINTS, by the greateſt maſters ancient and modern, which will be Sold by auction, on Monday December 4. and the five following evenings, at the Large Room, next door to Mr Fife's Umbrella Ware-room, Bridge-Street; to begin at ſix o'clock each night, and to be abſolutely ſold off without reſerve.

And in the Preſs, and will be publiſhed next week,

A CATALOGUE of a rare and valuable Collection of Books, the Libraries of Mr David Lindſay, lately deceaſed, and an eminent Clergyman; to be ſold off without reſerve. Catalogues gratis.

N. B. W. MARTIN's Catalogue of the Caledonian Circulating Library is publiſhed, containing many rare and intereſting Books. Price Sixpence.

Theſe ſeveral Catalogues to be had of W. MARTIN, Lawnmarket.

JOHN BELL's SALE CATALOGUE

For 1787.

This Day is Publiſhed,

A CATALOGUE of a Large and Curious Collection of SCARCE and VALUABLE BOOKS, in moſt Languages, Arts, and Sciences;—amongſt which are the entire Library of a Gentleman deceaſed, together with ſeveral other parcels of Books lately purchaſed,

Which will begin to be Sold 1ſt December 1786, for ready money, at the prices printed in the Catalogue, and continue ſelling till all are ſold.

By JOHN BELL, Parliament-Cloſe.

The Books are in general in fine condition, many of them new and well bound.

Catalogues (price 6 d.) to be had at the place of ſale.

Sale of Bank Stock.

TO be SOLD, Several SHARES of the CAPITAL STOCK in the BANK of SCOTLAND.

For particulars, enquire at William Bethune writer in Edinburgh.

ATTORNEY TAX.

WHEREAS, by an act paſſed in the 25th year of his preſent Majeſty's reign, cap. 70. certain Stamp Duties were laid on Certificates, to be annually taken out by ſolicitors, Attornies, and others practiſing in Courts of Juſtice in Great Britain; and other Stamp Duties were impoſed on Memorandums or Minutes of the authority given to and directed to be entered by Solicitors, Attornies, and others practiſing in ſuch Courts: *And whereas*, information is received, that many perſons entitled to act as Agents, Solicitors, Attornies, or Procurators in his Majeſty's Courts, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, do at preſent practiſe in the different Courts there, without having obtained Certificates in terms of ſaid act, and without entering with the proper officer, Memorandums or Minutes of their authority to ſue or defend, as directed by the ſtatute:—Intimation is therefore made to all ſuch perſons, that, if they do not immediately comply with the law in the above particulars, proſecutions will be commenced againſt them for recovery of the ſtatutory penalties.

Stamp Office, Edinburgh, Dec. 2. 1786. ALEXr. MENZIES, Collector.

LODGING and SHOPS to LET

For a number of Years.

A LARGE HOUSE of four Stories, No. 1. in the ſouth corner of St Andrew's Street, fronting alſo to Prince's Street, of forty feet in front, with a back area, extremely well ſituated for being converted into two ſtories of ſhops, and the two upper ſtories into a dwelling-houſe or warerooms. And, for the convenience of tenants, the proprietor will give allowance for making cellars in both fronts, entries, ſtairs, bow-windows, and other repairs that may be wanted.

The ſubject may be ſeen on Tueſdays and Fridays between one and three o'clock; and, for further particulars, and the time of entry, application may be made to the proprietor in the houſe. Not to be repeated.

A Houſe and Area to Sell.

AS the HOUSE preſently poſſeſſed by the Antiquarian Society, lying on the north ſide of the Cowgate of Edinburgh, is found improper for the purpoſe of their Muſeum, it is propoſed to diſpoſe of the ſame, with the Area thereto belonging, by public roup, on Friday the 19th January next, in the Exchange Coffeehouſe, between the hours of twelve and one noon. The Houſe conſiſts of three ſtories, containing the following apartments, and conveniencies, viz. In the ground ſtorey a large kitchen, a ſervants hall adjoining, an ale cellar, a coal cellar, and a cellar fitted up with catacombs;—on the parlour floor, a lobby, a large parlour, three fire-rooms, and a room without a fire place;—on the ſecond floor, five rooms with fire places;—on the third floor, the ſame number of five rooms, with two large cloſets;—and in the upper or garret floor, which is neatly lathed and plaiſtered, the ſame number of apartments.

On the weſt ſide of the houſe, a hen houſe, midding-ſtead, and two little houſes;—on the front of the Area, and on the line with the Cowgate, two handſome pavilions, for ſtable, coach-houſe, and hay-lofts. The area is in length from north to ſouth 228 feet, and in breadth fronting the Cowgate, 66 feet. There is a water-pipe in the houſe from the town's pipes, which runs into a large ciſtern of lead at the kitchen door. There is a carriage entry to the houſe by the Cowgate, and alſo a foot entry from the High Street, by the New Bank Cloſe.

The premiſſes are in good order, and may be ſeen every day, Sundays excepted, between eleven and two o'clock.

For particulars enquire at John Dundas writer to the ſignet, who has power to conclude a private bargain; or to Mr Cummyng the Secretary for the Society, at the houſe, by whom it will be ſhown.

For Kingſton and Savannah-la-Mar,

JAMAICA,

The Ship Roſelle,

Captain ROBERT LIDDELL,

Frigate built, burden 350 tons, elegantly fitted up, and has excellent accommodation for paſſengers; is now ready to take in goods, and will ſail on the 15th December.

For freight and paſſage apply to Meſſrs William Sibbald and Co Leith, or the Captain.

WANTED, a good Cook for the ſhip.

N. B. Paſſengers will be taken for the Windward Iſlands, to be landed at Antigua or St Kitt's.

For SALE, Jamaica and Grenada rum, in bond, at 3 s. per gallon in puncheons; the exciſe 4 s. 8 d. per gallon, payable on delivery, or within twelve months;—and old rum, in any quantity above two gallons, at 9 s. per gallon; alſo a fine parcel of Jamaica and Grenada cotton, cocoa, coffee, logwood, and fuſtic.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of Peter Buchanan vintner in Port-Glaſgow, on Tueſday the 19th December 1786, betwixt the hours of twelve and two o'clock mid-day,

The Ship CYCLOPS,

Burden about 280 tons, (well calculated for any trade, or may be fitted out for Greenland at an eaſy expence) as ſhe lies in the harbour of Port-Glaſgow.

Inventory and conditions of ſale to be ſeen in the hands of John Dunlop or James Shaw, merchants there; to whom perſons intending to purchaſe betwixt and the day of ſale may apply

THURSDAY next will be publiſhed,
At the Particular Deſire of the
GRAND LODGE OF SCOTLAND,

A SERMON,

Preached in St Andrew's Church, on Thurſday laſt the 30th of November 1786, being St Andrew's Day, before the Ancient and Honourable Fraternity of FREE MASONS, aſſembled to celebrate that Grand Feſtival.

By the Rev. Mr JAMES WRIGHT, Miniſter of the Goſpel at Maybole.

On the following Text of Scripture:

1 John iv. 21. "And this commandment have we from "him, That he who loveth God, love his *brother* alſo."

To be ſold by Meſſ. Dickſon and Donaldſon booksellers, Edinburgh.

TO THE

Proprietors of Eaſt India Stock.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

THE Death of your late worthy Director, Mr Hall, having occaſioned a vacancy in your Court of Directors, I beg leave to offer myſelf to you as a Candidate; and to requeſt the honour of your votes and ſupport, to ſucceed him in the Direction.

I have the honour to be,
Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your moſt obedient and humble ſervant,
WILLIAM ELPHINSTONE.

Somerſet-Street, Nov. 25. 1786.

GEORGE SPANKIE,

At the CROWN, facing the Tron Church, Edinburgh,

SELLS genuine LONDON PORTER, of excellent quality, old in the bottle, warranted unmixed, and free of every ſpecies of adulteration whatever.

Price Three Shillings when taken in quantities of three dozen or upwards, and bottles returned.

WHOLESALE TEA WAREHOUSE,

LEITH.

GEORGE BROWN and COMPANY have juſt received a large aſſortment of middling and fine CONGO TEAS, at their Wholeſale Tea Warehouſes in Barnard's ſtreet Leith, and in Glaſgow; which will be diſpoſed of on moderate terms. Orders for Glaſgow addreſſed to Mr John Brown, will be executed on the ſame terms as at Leith.

BRIDGE OF PERTH.

THE Commiſſioners appointed by act of Parliament for building a Bridge over the River Tay at Perth, are requeſted to meet at Perth, upon *Monday* the 11th day of December inſtant, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to conſider of certain important matters reſpecting the Bridge; particularly in relation to ſome bulwarks lately erected by the proprietors of the grounds on the eaſt bank of the river, a little above the Bridge, which, by their projection into the river, obſtruct the courſe and direction of the water, and may prove prejudicial to the Bridge. This notice is given at the deſire of ſeveral of the ſaid Commiſſioners.

PAT. MILLER Clerk

FARMS to be LET on the Eſtate of Pearſie, Pariſh of Kingoldrum, and County of Forfar,

For ſuch number of years as can be agreed on,

I. THE Farm of WESTER PEARSIE, conſiſting of upwards of one hundred acres.

II. The Farm of OVER BALGRAY and WINDYEDGE, upwards of eighty acres.

III. The Farm of NETHER BALGRAY, upwards of one hundred acres, all incloſed with ſubſtantial ſtone dykes.

Theſe Farms are of good early ſoil, have a ſouth expoſure, and within an eaſy diſtance of ſhell marl.

For particulars, application may be made to Captain Wedderburn the proprietor, at Dundee; and John Duncan at Pearſie, will ſhow the grounds.

A Lime Quarry and Mills to Let.

THERE is to be LET and entered to immediately, The LIMESTONE QUARRY and KILNS at Spindleford, in the pariſh of Pencaitland and county of Eaſt Lothian. Theſe Kilns are ſituated in the heart of a fine country, in the immediate neighbourhood of Coals; are capable of doing a great deal of buſineſs, and the demand for lime is extenſive and certain. There is alſo to be LET, and entered to immediately, The MEAL and BARLEY MILLS of Spindleford.

Propoſals may be given in to John Hamilton, Eſq; the proprietor, at Pencaitland, near Haddington, or to James Walker writer to the ſignet, at Edinburgh; and the overſeer at Pencaitland will ſhow the works.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of GAVIN KEMPT,
late Merchant in Leith.

THE Factor upon the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid Gavin Kempt having made up a ſtate of the Bankrupt's effects that have been converted into money, and ſtate of the debts proved and lodged with him, with a caſt dividing the free produce of the money recovered among the Creditors in theſe debts, according to order of ranking; which ſtates and ſcheme, with a general ſtate of the bankrupt's affairs, will lie open in the hands of Thomas Adair, clerk to the ſignet, the factor, for the inſpection of the Creditors, and all concerned, until the 27th December current, being exactly twelve months after the date of the ſequeſtration; which day the Creditors are hereby required to meet within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, at twelve o'clock noon, to receive their dividends, and to give ſuch orders as may appear neceſſary for the future management of the eſtate.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
THE SMACK

BETSEY OF DUNBAR,

WILLIAM MILLAR Maſter,

Is now taking in goods at the birth in Leith harbour, and will ſail the 16th December current, to be depended on. The Betſey has good accommodation for paſſengers.

For freight or paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, or at the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh; or to Mr John Beadie merchant, Leith.

TO BE SOLD,
At Anſtruther,

A Ship on the Stocks,

130 tons meaſure, from ten to eleven feet draught of water, oak roods and fir bottom, very ſtout, upon a good conſtruction, very proper for the Baltic or Mediterranean trade, and will be ready to launch in a few weeks hence.

William Adamſon, the builder, may be applied to.

A New Sloop for Sale.

TO be SOLD by public roup at Queensferry, on Tueſday the 12th December, in the houſe of Duncan M'Farlane, vintner there,

THE GOOD SLOOP

THE NANCY,

Lately launched, and now completely rigged, burden from 40 to 50 tons, and well conſtructed for the fiſhing trade.

Any inclining a private bargain, may apply to John Taylor merchant, Queensferry, betwixt and the day of ſale.

Not to be repeated.

Sale of Lands in Annandale.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 4th December 1786, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The LANDS of SELCOTH and FOWLSHAWS, lying in the parish of Moffat, stewartry of Annandale, and sheriffdom of Dumfries.

These lands consist partly of sheep pasture and partly of arable lands, both excellent in their kinds; are pleasantly situated on Moffat water, within three measured miles of the village of Moffat, where there is a ready market for the produce. They hold of the Marquis of Annandale for payment of a feu-duty of 11 s. 1 d. 4-12ths Sterling. The present free rent, payable by a good tenant, is 97 l. Sterling, which in all probability will rise considerably upon the expiration of the current lease at Whitsunday 1790. The teinds will be conveyed alongst with the lands.

The is a good modern dwelling-house of two storkes on the premisses, with suitable offices.

For further particulars apply to James Campbell and James Gibson, writers in Edinburgh, who will show the title-deeds, and who have power to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

Peter Tod, at Holmhead, near Moffat, will show the lands to persons intending to purchase.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

LANDS IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, (A. Ramsay's) Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th day of December 1786, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The LANDS of ORCHARDHEAD, lying in the parish of Bothkennar, and county of Stirling; the rent, after conversion of victual, including a small feu-duty, and deducting public burdens, is 253 l. 17 s. 11 d 2-12ths Sterl ng, holding of the Crown; and, being valued at 422 l. 19 s. 2 d. Scots in the cess-books, afford a freehold qualification.

The situation of the estate is eligible, and may be very profitable to the purchaser, as it is within four miles of Falkirk, in the neighbourhood of Carron-shore and the Carron-works, having the Forth to the north and east, and the Great Canal to the south. It commands a delightful prospect of the adjacent country, and of the shore and towns on the opposite coast.

The soil is allowed to be amongst the best in the Carse of Falkirk. The grounds alongst the Forth are well fenced by a dyke, built at a considerable expence some years since; which, on trial, is found to answer the intention.

There is a mansion-house of thirteen rooms, besides kitchen, closets, and other conveniencies, office-houses, garden, and an excellent orchard.

The lands are free of any thirlage, and the tenants pay the land-tax, over and above their rents. The largest farm on the estate, which was let in 1757, will rise considerably in the rent, in a few years, when the lease expires.

A purchaser may be immediately infeft by having the unexecuted precept in a Crown Charter affigned to him.

The house and grounds will be shown by Mungo Johnston, gardener, at Orchardhead.

For further particulars apply to Mr Higgens at Newk, near Airth, or to Anthony Barclay writer to the signet, at Edinburgh, who will show the title deeds and conditions of sale; and to either of whom, such as incline to purchase by private bargain before the day of sale, may give in propo sals

TO be SOLD by public roup, or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th of December 1786, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

These Parts of the Estate of MIDDLEBIE,

in the parish of Middlebie, and county of Dumfries, viz. Darglawhill, Scotsbridge, Potstown, Walls, Peatknows, Middlebie Mill, and two Farms called *the East and West Commons*.

These lands containing altogether 1050 acres, or thereabouts, situated in a pleasant part of the country, are of an excellent soil, and capable of great improvement, of which they have the means within themselves; for, within these few months, a valuable lime quarry has been discovered in the grounds, which may be wrought by the proprietor, upon payment of surface damages, that right having been reserved in the lease. And there is great reason to believe, that coal may be found in the lands.

The present free rent, payable by good tenants, on current tacks, is about 270 l. Sterling. The whole houses and offices on the different farms have, at very great expence, been lately rebuilt or repaired.

The estate was surveyed by a gentleman of great skill, in the year 1776, and was then valued by him at 9649 l. Sterling; but, for the encouragement of purchasers, it will now be exposed at 6300 l.

The rent-roll, current leases, conditions of roup, and progress of writs wil be seen in the hands of James Campbell writer in Edinburgh; and, for further particulars, application may be made to Alexander Farquharson accomptant in Edinburgh, who has power to sell, by private bargain.

Houses and Garden Ground to be Sold,

AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TO be SOLD within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 15th day of December curt, between the hours of five and six afternoon, for the benefit of the CREDITORS of PATRICK CHRISTIE, Officer of Excise at Gilmerton, and his wife,

All and Whole that row of HOUSES, consisting of two Tenements, being about ninety-four feet of built front, and twenty-nine falls of Garden Ground at the back thereof, lying in St Ninian's or Beggar-row, Edinburgh, near the Methodist Chapel.

As also, All and Whole that Piece of GROUND, which belonged to and was feued out by James Lord Somerville, to James Smith, wright in Gilmerton, extending along Lord Somerville's park dyke, one hundred and thirteen feet or thereabouts; and from thence north-east about one hundred feet; from thence north-west one hundred and thirteen feet; and from thence south-west ninety feet or thereabouts: Together with the TENEMENT of LAND, and whole HOUSES built on the said piece of ground, the Close or Area leading thereto from the King's High-street; and the whole other privileges and pertinents thereof, lying within the town of Gilmerton, and parish of Libberton.

And likewise, All and Whole the Laigh or Ground Storey of that TENEMENT of LAND, built by John Richardson, mason at Fountain Bridge, lying on the west side of the new Street, leading from Fountain Bridge Street southward to Lochrind, being the second tenement from Fountain Bridge, fronting the said new Street; together with a piece of waste Ground at the back of the south end thereof.

The articles of sale may be seen by applying to John Young writer, Kincaid's Court, (trust-disponee of the said Patrick Christie and his wife, for the benefit of all their Creditors) who will communicate such other particulars relative to the premisses, as those inclining to purchase may require.

As the object of this sale is to have the above subjects converted into cash, and the proceeds divided among Mr and Mrs Christie's Creditors, according to their several rights, as speedily and at as little expence as possible, in terms of the minute of federunt of the Creditors, in consequence of which the trust-deed has been executed for this behoof; it is therefore expected, that all the Creditors will as soon as possible, lodge with the trustee distinct notes of their claims; and that such of them as have diligence ready, will also lodge it, that the trustee may be enabled to prevent any partial preference that may be attempted on Mr Christie's personal effects.

By Order of the Trustees for the South Bridge

Sale of Areas for Houses and Shops.

TO be SOLD by public Roup, within the old Justiciary Court-house, in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th day of December curt, at five o'clock afternoon,

THREE LOTS or AREAS for building, each of them consisting of 48 feet in length along Bridge-street, and 32 feet in breadth, adjoining to and on the south of the three lots lately sold. The stones, and other materials on the east side of Niddry's wynd, opposite to each of the lots, will be included in the Sale.

The price to bear interest from Whitsunday 1788, and to be payable with interest, the one half at Martinmas 1788, and the other half at Martinmas 1789.

The purchasers entry will be on the 26th day of May next; but if the purchasers shall obtain the consent of the possessors of houses, on the east side of Niddry's wynd, the Trustees will not object to their entering to and building on the respective lots, at any time after the roup.

The conditions of sale will be shown by John Gray writer to the signet; and an elevation of the intended buildings will be shown by Robert Kay, surveyor to the Trustees, in Sandiland's close, near the Fountain-well.

Judicial Sale

OF SUBJECTS IN THE TOWN OF LEITH.

TO be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th of December current, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon,

The LANDS and others after mentioned, which belonged to the deceased Robert Caldcleugh senior, carter in Leith, viz.

All and Whole that TENEMENT of LAND, high and laigh, back and fore, lying on the south side of the Water of Leith betwixt the lands of Umquhill Alexander Cockburn, John Kyle, William Elder, and William Logan, on the south parts towards the east; the lands of Umquhile James Mathieson, on the north toward the south, and the King's high way towards the east and west parts.

As also, All and Whole that other TENEMENT, formerly pertaining to Umquhile James Gray, lying contiguous to the tenement above described. Both which tenements lie together at the Gun Stone in the Kirkgate of Leith.

Likewise, All and Whole the south-eastmost HALF of that other TENEMENT of LAND, back and fore, under and above, with the pertinents lying also on the south side of the Water of Leith, purchased by the said deceased Robert Caldcleugh, from George Nimmo meal-maker and merchant in the Citadel of Leith.

The proven free rent of these subjects, exclusive of 2 s. 6 d. Sterling of feu-duty, payable to the City of Edinburgh, superiors thereof, amounts to L. 44 19 8

And the proven value at eight years purchase, is 359 17 4

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen at the office of Mr Stevenson, depute-clerk of Session; and further information will be got by applying to Alexander Grant, writer in Edinburgh.

Houses in Edinburgh to be Sold.

ALL and WHOLE the following HOUSES in Hogg's Land, upon the north side of the High Street, a little below the Tron Church.

I. The Sunk Storey of said Land, possessed by Mr John Mason baker, at the yearly rent of 16 l. 10 s. Sterling.

II. The first Flat, possessed by Mr William Lamb upholsterer, as a wareroom, at the yearly rent of 21 l. Sterling.

III. The second Flat, possessed by Mr Laidlaw merchant, at the yearly rent of 14 l. Sterling.

IV. The third and fourth Flats, possessed by Dr James Baird, at the yearly rent of 15 l. Sterling.

As also, The House entering by the first stair upon the left hand, at the head of the Advocate's Close, possessed by Mrs Murray, at the yearly rent of 9 l. Sterling.

Those who incline to purchase the whole, or any part of the above-mentioned subjects, may apply to Mr Mitchelson, Nicolson Street, who will show the title-deeds, and give such other information as may be wanted, and has power to conclude a bargain.

Farms in Roxburghshire.

TO BE LET,

For such a number of years as may be agreed on, the following FARMS in the parish of Bowden; the entry at Whitsunday 1787, viz.

THE Farm and Lands of HALLYDEAN, consisting of 800 English acres or thereby. The greatest part thereof inclosed, and all well watered.

The Farm of FAUGHILL, consisting of 858 English acres, containing sundry convenient useful inclosures.

The NETHER MILL of BOWDEN, and Mill Lands adjacent thereto.

These farms are very fit for corn, pasture, and turnip. There is a good appearance of shell-marl; and the land is capable of great improvement. They may be let as now possessed by the present tenants, or set off in a different manner, as may be agreed upon.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet, Edinburgh, or to Mr Ker commissioner to his Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, at Broomlands.

The baron-officers at Bowden and Midlem will shew the farms.

Farms in Ross-shire.

TO BE LET,

THE whole FARMS on the Estate of Allangrange, for such a number of years as shall be agreed on, and may be entered to at Whitsunday next; situated in Ross-shire, within three miles of Inverness; a warm exposure, and kindly soil, all arable; contiguous, and with few or no breaks. Along with the farms there will be set several improved Low Fields thoroughly drained and enclosed. Due encouragement will be given to these regularly bred to farming.

For further particulars enquire at the proprietor, John Mackenzie, Esq; of Allangrange, near Inverness.

LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THAT part of the Lands and Barony of TRANENT, lying to the north of the Post-road from Tranent to Haddington, presently possessed by William and John Cuthbertson, William Hunter, William Vallange, George Wilson David Allan, and their Tenants; all lying contiguous, measuring about 250 acres, and yielding L. 437 : 1 : 11 Sterling of yearly rent.—Also, sundry Feu-duties in and about the town of Tranent, yielding about L. 40 Sterling *per annum*; and about 75 acres of improveable muir along the Post-road, close to the town of Tranent, on which no value is put in the rental. There is a seam of Coal, 9 feet thick, on which no value is put, as it is not open, though part has a level cut up to it. The Lands hold blench of the Crown.—The valued rent is L. 1100 Scots, and the proprietor has right to the teinds.

For further particulars, enquire at Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet.

SALE OF GIGHT.

ON Tuesday the 12th of December curt, betwixt the hours of six and seven o'clock afternoon, will be SOLD by Auction in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

The Lands and Barony of GIGHT in Aberdeenshire, consisting of above 4500 acres, in the parish of Fyvie, and above 2000 acres in the parish of Methlic, all well accommodated with fuel, pleasantly situated, low rentalled, (betwixt 6 and 700 l. yearly) a great deal of wood, a good mansion-house on the side of the river Ythan, &c.

For further particulars apply to James Watson clerk to the signet, George-street, Edinburgh.

PRIVATE SALE OF GOGAR.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE Lands and Barony of GOGAR, lying in the parish of Corstorphine, and county of Edinburgh, and with in four measured miles of the city of Edinburgh.

The property-lands of this estate extend to above 860 Scots acres; and, including feu-duties, pay 1405 l. 19 s. 2 d. Sterling of gross yearly rent.—There is a good mansion-house, offices, and garden upon the estate; and also a considerable quantity of old and young planting. It holds blench of the Crown, and stands valued in the cess-books at 1440 l. Scots.

For particulars, apply to James Gray writer, Merchant-street, Edinburgh. Thomas Fergusson, farmer at Gogar will show the lands.

Sale of Lands in Dumfries-shire.

UPSET PRICES REDUCED.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 21st of December 1786, between the hours of six and seven afternoon, the following Parts of the Estate of MAXWELTON, belonging to Sir Robert Lawrie of Maxwelton, Baronet, in the lots after mentioned:

LOT I. The two-merk land of Castlefairn, consisting of upwards of 493 acres, whereof 112 acres are arable land, 20 acres meadow, and the remainder excellent pasture. These lands are under lease current till Whitsunday 1793; the yearly rent of them, including casualties and services, is 84 l. 9 s. 2 d. Sterling. They are held of a subject superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

LOT II. The two-merk land of Neiss, and merk-land of Ballinnie, consisting of upwards of 447 acres, whereof about 44 acres are arable, and 19 acres meadow; the remainder is mostly sheep pasture. These lands are set upon a three years ease, which commenced at Whitsunday 1786, at a rent of 50 l. They are held of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty. There is wood upon the lands, estimated to be worth at present about a year's rent, beside the stool.

LOT III. The lands of Gordieston or Gordonston, consisting of about 182 acres, whereof 32 acres are arable and meadow grounds, and about 3 acres wood-land of considerable value. The lease of these lands is current to Whitsunday 1799, and the yearly rent of them, including converted services, is 39 l. 7 s. They are held blench of the Crown.

LOT IV. The two-merk land of Craigenvey, and one-merk land of Blackmerk, consisting of about 830 acres, whereof upwards of 46 acres is arable or meadow ground. The rent of these lands, including converted casualties, is 42 l. 15 10 d. and the tenant besides pays all public burdens. They are held of a subject superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

LOT V. The three and a half-merk lands of Gillygappoch, and mill thereof; the one half of the two and a half-merk lands of Dunreggan, of old extent; and the half of the forty-shilling Templelands of Ingleston in Glencairn.—These lands compose the farms now called Hill and Burnfoot, and the mill and mill-lands of Gillygappoch.

The farm of Hill consists of about 170 acres, whereof upwards of 83 acres is arable and meadow ground. The lease of this farm is current till Whitsunday 1793, and the yearly rent is 46 l. 19 s. 4 d.

The farm of Burnfoot contains upwards of 145 acres, whereof about 45 acres are arable or meadow ground. The ormer rent of this farm was 42 l. It lies contiguous to the arm of Hill, and is at present possessed by the tenant of that farm from year to year, without any lease, at a rent of 26 l.

The mill and mill-lands of Gillygappoch are likewise possessed from year to year, without any lease. The present rent, including converted casualties, is 18 l. 15 s. The mill-lands consist of between four and five acres.

The arable lands contained in this lot are very valuable, and the pasture and meadow grounds remarkably good; and there is some wood upon this lot.

The three and a half-merk lands of Gillygappoch, and mill thereof, are held of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty. The other lands in this lot are holden of the Crown.

LOT VI. The lands of Auchenstroan and Stranshalloch, consisting of about 790 acres, mostly sheep pasture, but containing about 34 acres of arable and meadow grounds. The present rent is 65 l. 3 s. 9 d. There is some wood upon these lands. They are held of a subject superior for payment of a small feu-duty.

LOT VII. The two and a half merk lands of Craiglyrianf consisting of about 790 acres, whereof upwards of 17 acres are arable, and 8 acres meadow grounds.

The lands of Meikle and Little Laggans, and consisting of about 284 acres, whereof 69 acres are arable, and 9 acres meadow ground. The remainder is very good cattle pasture, and there is some wood upon these lands.

The lands of Craiglyrian and Laggans are set together, under a lease current till Whitsunday 1797. The yearly rent of them is 121 l. 18 s. Sterling. They are held of subjects superior, for payment of trifling feu-duties.

LOT VIII. The two merk and half-merk lands of Drumloff, containing upwards of 252 acres, whereof 30 acres are arable, and nearly 7 acres meadow-ground. The remainder sheep-pasture. The lease of this farm is current till Whitsunday 1787. The present rent, including converted services and casualties, is 36 l. 11 s. and the lands are held of a subject-superior, for payment of a small feu-duty.

LOT IX. The two and a half-merk land of Little Dibbons and Martour, and two merk lands of Meikle Dibbons, consisting of 1180 acres, partly arable and meadow grounds, and the remainder pasture. These lands are not under lease. The rent payable for them for this year is 55 l. The former rent was higher. They are held of a subject-superior for payment of a small feu-duty.

LOT X. The lands of Fleughlarg, consisting of 238 acres and upwards, whereof about 71 acres are arable, and 3 acres meadow ground. These lands are under a three years lease which commenced at Whitsunday 1786. The rent is 46 l. They are held of a subject-superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

LOT XI. The fifty-shilling land of Peilston, consisting of upwards of 330 acres, whereof 76 acres are arable, and 10 acres meadow ground, and the remainder good pasture. These lands are set upon a three years lease which commenced at Whitsunday 1786, at a rent of 61 l. sterling, and there is some wood upon them. The lands are held of a subject-superior, for payment of a small feu-duty.

N. B. The lands of Peilston will either be sold by themselves separately, or along with the lands contained in lot 5th, as may be agreed on.

All the above lands lie in the parish of Glencairn, and shire of Dumfries, except the lands of Graigenvey and Blackmerk in lot 4th, which lie in the parish of Dunscore, in the same shire. The lands in general are well inclosed, and some of them subdivided. The estate of Maxwelton is valued *in cumulo*: so the valuation of the different lots above mentioned cannot at present be mentioned with certainty; but a scheme dividing the valuations is made up, upon principles which, it is thought, will be approved of.

The teinds of the whole lands above mentioned are valued, and will be sold along with the lands, excepting only the teinds of the lands in lot 4th, lying in the parish of Dunscore, which were valued so far back as the year 1634, and are exhausted, or nearly so, by the stipend paid to the minister.

The rental of the lands is in the hands of Commissary Goldie at Dumfries. A copy of it, with the current leases, and the plans and measurement of the lands, together with the title-deeds, which are perfectly clear, and the articles of sale, are in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet, to whom any person inclining to purchase at the roup, for wishing to make a private bargain, may apply for further particulars. The tenants will show the lands.

Sale of Lands in Berwickshire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th day of December curt. between the hours of four and five afternoon,

The LANDS of EASTMAINS of HASSINGTON, called *HARDACRES*, with the teinds and pertinents lying in the parish of Eccles, and shire of Berwick.

The lands are pleasantly situated, completely inclosed, and well known to be of the richest soil. The market towns of Dunse, Kelso, Coldstream, and Greenlaw, are within a few miles, and lime and coal at a moderate distance.

For particulars apply to Thomas Cockburn writer to the signet, or Mr Trotter of Belchester, near Coldstream, who have power to deal by private bargain before the day of roup. William Drysdale, tenant in Kennetside-heads, a neighbouring farm, will show the lands to be sold, and the marches.

Sale of Lands in the Shire of Dumbarton.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 18th day of December curt. betwixt the hours of five and six evening,

The LANDS of LAGGARY and BLAIRWATTAN, lying in the parish of Rowe, and shire of Dumbarton.

The free rent of these lands is at present only about 60 l. Sterling; but the leases, having been granted about twenty years ago, and now expired, a rise of rent may be expected. There is an oak wood upon the lands of High Laggary, which will be of considerable value some years hence.

The lands of Laggary are situated upon the Gairloch, nearly opposite to Greenock and Port-Glasgow, commanding extensive views of these towns and shipping, and of the Duke of Argyle's policy at Roseneath and Ardincaple. Their distance from Dumbarton is about ten miles, and twenty-five miles from Glasgow. The roads are remarkably good, and a packet boat goes regularly twice a week from the neighbourhood to Greenock, which gives easy access to market.

These lands are held of the Duke of Montrose for payment of a small feu-duty; and have an interest in a neighbouring common still undivided, and which is situated betwixt Laggary and Blairwattan.

The progress and articles of sale, may be seen in the hands of Stewart Moodie, writer in Edinburgh; and further information may be had by applying to Mr John Allan, minister of the parish of Rowe

To be SOLD by Private Bargain

THE House and Lands of STAIR,

consisting of 150 acres or thereby, lying in the parish of Stair and shire of Ayr, of which about 60 acres are in natural wood, and plantations above 40 years old.

These lands hold of a subject, for payment of a feu-duty of five shillings sterling yearly; they are beautifully situated on the banks of the water of Ayr, in a good neighbourhood, about seven measured miles from the county-town of Ayr, and ten from Kilmarnock, within a quarter of a mile of a turnpike road; the lands are of a fine rich soil, and great part of them dry holm, and set from 30 to 40 shillings per acre; are all completely inclosed, and divided with hedges and belts of planting, and the land in good order The house is a commodious one with suitable offices and a pigeon house; there are also a good Garden and Orchard.

The proprietor has a right to the teinds, which are valued, and to the aile of the church, containing a gallery and room behind.

The gardener at Stair will shew the premisses; and persons inclining to purchase, may apply to the proprietor at Stair-house, or to John Hunter, writer to the signet, who will shew the progress of writs, and inform as to other particulars.

N. B. If the premisses are not sold, they will be let for the space of four years, from Martinmas 1787.

Lands in Dumbartonshire,

AND HOUSES IN EDINBURGH, TO SELL.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

1. THE Lands of STUCKGOWN, STUCKADOW, and STUCKAVULICH, lying in the parish of Arroquhar and shire of Dumbarton, yielding of free rent, after deduction of all public burdens, about 104 l. Sterling.

These lands are held of a subject superior for payment of a small feu-duty, are pleasantly situated on the south-west side of Lochlomond, of considerable extent, and all inclosed with sufficient fences. Tarbert Inn makes part of the premises, and the course of the post road between Dumbarton and Inverary is through them. There are very extensive thriving oak woods and other woods on the lands, one cutting of which, at the distance of twenty years from the former one, is moderately estimated at 1000l. Sterling. A very considerable part of these woods has not been cut since the year 1771; and besides the proceeds of such periodical sales, the weedings or underwood, sold for barrel hoops, coal baskets, &c. yield annually, at an average, 20l. Sterling, which is not included in the rental.

2. A DWELLING HOUSE in Prince's Street, No. 52, consisting of four stories and a garret story, containing a kitchen, a pantry, and twelve fire rooms, besides closets and three garrets; as also a wine cellar fitted up with catacombs, and four other cellars; together with a small garden, a water pipe, a pump well, and other conveniencies.

N. B. This house was some time ago completely finished, and may be entered to immediately. If not soon sold, it will be set till Whitsunday next, or for a longer period, as may be agreed on.

3. A DWELLING HOUSE in the Old Assembly Close, being the fourth story on the north side of the great scale stairs on the west side, and near the middle of that close, consisting of six fire rooms, a kitchen, two cellars, two garrets, and other conveniencies, presently occupied by Mr Leslie seedsman.

4. A DWELLING HOUSE, being the third story on the south side of the scale stairs of Gavinloch's land, in Forrester's Wynd, consisting of four fire rooms, a kitchen, cellar, garret, &c. presently possessed by Mr James Stormonth, writer in Edinburgh.

5. A DWELLING HOUSE, consisting of four rooms and a kitchen, being the third story of that tenement of land lying on the west side of Carrubber's Close, and adjoining to the south end of Fogo's Land, presently possessed by Mrs Rebecca Laing.

6. A DWELLING HOUSE on the west side and near the lower end of Carrubber's Close, immediately above the entry from thence to Halkerston's Wynd, consisting of three rooms, a garret, and a kitchen, presently occupied by Patrick Hunter marble cutter.

7. The First, Second, Third, and Fourth Stories of that TENEMENT of LAND on the west side of Hyndford's Close, each story being a separate house, consisting of three fire rooms besides a kitchen, and each house having a cellar and garret, as the same are presently possessed by Messrs Watson, Henry, and Medina, and Miss Murray of Polmaise.

8. Three Small LAIGH HOUSES on the west side of Hyndford's Close, presently possessed by Mrs Duff, James Williamson, and Gilbert M'Intosh.

9. A DWELLING HOUSE near the middle of Gray's Close, on the north side of the High Street, consisting of two stories and a garret story, with a small garden or area adjoining thereto, presently possessed by Mr Thom.

10. Two DWELLING HOUSES in the upper end of Chalmers's Close, being the top story of a tenement fronting the High Street; one of the houses consisting of three rooms and a kitchen; the other of two rooms, a garret, and a kitchen. They are presently possessed by Mrs Armour and Francis Allen.

Articles 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, and 8th of the before-mentioned subjects are insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance office against losses by fire, on the original plan, and the premiums paid up.

For further particulars those intending to purchase are desired to apply to George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh, who will shew the title-deeds, rentals, &c. and hath power to enter into treaties with them.

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